more coppery hue than in those figured in the British Museum Catalogue, Vol. iv., pl. xi., representing *P. castaneiventris* (Verr.).

DICCEUM ENEUM, Pucher. et Jacq.

This handsome species was first described from a female by Hombron & Jacquinot, in Voy. au Pôle Sud., pl. 22, fig. 4, 1845, under the name of *Dicée bronzé*, and afterwards by Pucheran and Jacquinot, Voy. au Pôle Sud. Zool. p. 97 (1853), as *D. eneum*.

DENDROCHELIDON MYSTACEA, Less.

A peculiar and interesting form which seems to be dispersed over the whole of the Solomon Islands, the Louisiades, Southeastern New Guinea, the New Britain Group, and also in the Malay Archipelago. It nests in trees, much after the habit of the Wood-Swallows (Artanus), and the nest is made of sticks and twigs; the eggs, 3 or 4 in number, are oblong, and white without any markings.

## Part II.

By J. Douglas Ogilby.

## Reptilia.

Crocodilus porosus, Schn. One immature example.

Genyra oceanica, Less. One specimen.

Gecko vittatus, Houtt. Seven specimens.

VARANUS INDICUS, David. Two specimens.

Corucia Zebrata, Gray. One specimen.

Lygosoma smaragdinum, Less. Six specimens.

- " CYANURUM, Less. Two specimens.
- ,, CYANOGASTER, Less. Two specimens.

Lygosoma striato-fasciatum, sp. nov.

Habit stout; the distance between the end of the snout and the fore limb is contained once and two-fifths in the distance between the axilla and groin. Snout short, obtusely rounded. Loreal region vertical. Lower eyelid scaly. Nostril pierced between a nasal and a supra-nasal, the latter being the smaller. Fronto-nasal one-fourth broader than long, forming an equally broad suture with the rostral and the frontal; prefrontals small; frontal heptagonal, the two posterior sides forming a right angle, in contact with the two anterior supraoculars, and rather shorter than the frontoparietals and parietals together; four supraoculars, the second slightly larger than the third; eight supraciliaries, the first the largest; frontoparietals distinct, equal in length to