## OCCASIONAL NOTES.

No. 2.

## OVA-SACS OF ARACHNURA TRILOBATA, Urq

By W. J. RAINBOW, Entomologist.

(Plate xvii.)

In the early part of May of this year, Mr. W. F. Howlett, of Eketahuna, New Zealand, presented to the Trustees of this Museum, a spray, measuring about 10 inches in length, containing a large series of cocoons or ova-sacs of a spider, Arachnura trilibata, Urq., which species occurs also in Tasmania.

In his letter, dated May 2, 1916, Mr. Howlett says:—"A friend handed me enclosed, apparently the egg-cocoons of a social spider . . . He says the spiders have all gone away now . . . I opened one cocoon and found it full of well developed spiders . . . My friend says the spiders had a very large web 'right across the track.'" In a further letter, dated June 2, 1916, Mr. Howlett says:—"It is 'social,' and of course makes geometric webs."

The species is described by Urquhart<sup>1</sup> as being  $9\frac{1}{2}$  mm. long in the  $\mathbb Q$ , and 5 mm. in the  $\mathbb Z$ . The  $\mathbb Q$  has a glossy black cephalothorax and glossy green abdomen, the latter terminating in three blunt, transversely wrinkled protuberances. In the  $\mathbb Z$  the cephalothorax is dull brownish-black, while the abdomen somewhat resembles the  $\mathbb Q$  in colour and form, but is comparatively broader at the posterior end. Mr. Howlett, in his letter dated June 2, 1916, says:—"The spider is unmistakeable. From memory I call it pure black, with three humps at end of abdomen. The young have a white patch on the back." In respect of the latter, I opened one of the cocoons and took therefrom upwards of fifty individuals, some of which were

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Urquhart—Trans. N.Z. Inst., xvii., 1884, p. 37, pl. ix., figs. 3, 3a-3/; Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1892 (1893), p. 119.